

Opioid prescriber guide

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Texas

The programs described in this guide were created to help UnitedHealthcare Community Plan members receive the opioid care and treatment they need in safe and effective ways. We've based our measures on Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) opioid treatment guidelines to help prevent misuse of short-acting and long-acting opioid medications.

Concurrent Drug Utilization Review (cDUR) program

The cDUR program uses the pharmacy claims processing system to screen all prescriptions at the point-of-service and checks for possible inappropriate drug prescribing and utilization, as well as potentially dangerous medical implications or drug interactions. The program includes communication to the dispensing pharmacy at point-of-service through claims edits and messaging. The pharmacist needs to address the clinical situation at the point of sale before entering appropriate National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) codes to receive an approved claim, unless otherwise stated below.

Drug-drug interaction – Opioids and antipsychotics	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and antipsychotics• Doesn't require pharmacist to enter appropriate NCPDP
Drug-drug interaction – Opioids and benzodiazepines	We require prior authorization for concurrent use of opioids and benzodiazepines.
Drug-drug interaction – Opioids and medication-assisted treatment (MAT)	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and MAT drugs.
Drug-drug interaction – Opioids and sedative hypnotics	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and sedative hypnotics.
Drug-drug interaction – Opioids and skeletal muscle relaxants	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and skeletal muscle relaxants.
Drug-inferred health state – Opioids and prenatal vitamins and medications used in pregnancy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enhanced point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and prenatal vitamins and concurrent use of opioids and medications used in pregnancy (e.g., doxylamine/pyridoxine)• Doesn't require pharmacist to enter appropriate NCPDP codes to receive approved claim

Concurrent Drug Utilization Review (cDUR) program (cont.)

Duplicate therapy – Short-acting opioids (SAOs)	Alerts to concurrent use of multiple SAOs.
Duplicate therapy – Long-acting opioids (LAOs)	Alerts to concurrent use of multiple LAOs.
High dose acetaminophen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limits combination opioids plus acetaminophen (APAP) • Prevents doses of APAP greater than 4 g per day
High dose opioids – Recommend pharmacist to offer opioid antagonist	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enhanced point-of-sale alert for opioid doses more than 50 MME that recommends the pharmacist offer an opioid antagonist • Doesn't require pharmacist to enter appropriate NCPDP codes to receive approved claim

Retrospective Drug Utilization Review (rDUR) programs

These programs analyze claims daily and send communications to prescribers.

Abused medications DUR program	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifies members daily who are getting multiple opioid prescriptions from multiple prescribers and/or filling at multiple pharmacies • Also identifies members with chronic early refill attempts, overlapping LAOs, overlapping SAOs, high daily doses of opioids, a diagnosis of opioid overdose with an opioid fill, overlapping opioid and MAT medications, overlapping opioid and a benzodiazepine, overlapping opioid and antipsychotic medication, overlapping opioid, muscle relaxant and benzodiazepine, and overlapping opioid and opioid potentiator • Sends patient-specific information to all prescribers with medication fill history in last 4 months
Pharmacy lock-in program	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pharmacy lock-in programs vary by state; however, all include filling of opioids by multiple prescribers at multiple pharmacies as an inclusion criterion • Requires selected members to use a single pharmacy for periods of 36 or 60 months, or indefinitely, under certain circumstances

Utilization Management (UM) programs

These programs help promote appropriate opioid use, reduce costs and improve member health outcomes.

Cough and cold products containing opioid components	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Limits quantities per fill of 120 mL (units) and a 30-day maximum quantity of 360 mL (units)• Requires prior authorization for members under 18
Cumulative 90 milligram morphine equivalent (MME) limit	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Limits dosage at point-of-sale for all opioid products up to 90 MME• Prevents the processing of cumulative opioid doses exceeding the limit• We require prior authorization for doses above the preset threshold
New-to-therapy SAO edit	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Point-of-sale limit for opioid naïve members (less than or equal to 7 days in last 60 days), and includes a maximum 10-day supply and 90 MME or less per day• Requires prior authorization to fill LAO• Requires prior authorization to exceed these quantities
Overdose prevention (naloxone)	Prior authorization isn't required for preferred naloxone products (e.g., generic naloxone injection and Narcan® Nasal Spray).
Transmucosal fentanyl product prior authorization	Requires that prior authorization includes documentation of pain due to cancer and patient is already receiving opioids.
Evidence-based prescribing programs These programs focus on outreach to prescribers.	
Fraud/waste/abuse evaluation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Analyzes retrospective controlled substance claims• Identifies outlier opioid prescribers
Miscellaneous	
Miscellaneous – Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) license edit	Verifies DEA number or license is active and matches scheduled medication in the claim.
Miscellaneous – Refill-too-soon threshold	Increases the refill-too-soon threshold to 90% for opioids and other Schedule CII-V controlled substances.

Pharmacy prior authorization

Information and forms are available on our [Pharmacy Resources and Physician Administered Drugs](#) page.

We're here to help

If you have questions, call **888-362-3368**.

Support for your patients:

- 24/7 substance use helpline at **855-780-5955**, available to our members who are your patients, and their caregivers; staffed by licensed behavioral health providers
- [liveandworkwell.com](https://www.liveandworkwell.com)