

# Opioid prescriber guide

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of New York -  
CHIP and Essential

The programs described in this guide were created to help UnitedHealthcare Community Plan CHIP and Essential of New York receive the opioid care and treatment they need in safe and effective ways. We've based our measures on Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) opioid treatment guidelines to help prevent misuse of short-acting and long-acting opioid medications.

## Concurrent Drug Utilization Review (cDUR) program

The cDUR program uses the pharmacy claims processing system to screen all prescriptions at the point-of-service and checks for possible inappropriate drug prescribing and utilization, as well as potentially dangerous medical implications or drug interactions. The program includes communication to the dispensing pharmacy at point-of-service through claims edits and messaging. The pharmacist needs to address the clinical situation at the point of sale before entering appropriate National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) codes to receive an approved claim, unless otherwise stated below.

<b>Drug-drug interaction - Opioids and benzodiazepines</b>	We require prior authorization for concurrent use of opioids and benzodiazepines.
<b>Drug-drug interaction - Opioids and sedative hypnotics</b>	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and sedative hypnotics.
<b>Drug-drug interaction - Opioids and skeletal muscle relaxants</b>	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and skeletal muscle relaxants.
<b>Drug-inferred health state - Opioids and prenatal vitamins and medications used in pregnancy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Enhanced point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and prenatal vitamins and concurrent use of opioids and medications used in pregnancy (e.g., doxylamine/pyridoxine)</li><li>• Doesn't require pharmacist to enter appropriate NCPDP codes to receive approved claim</li></ul>
<b>Duplicate therapy - Short-acting opioids (SAOs)</b>	Alerts to concurrent use of multiple SAOs.
<b>Duplicate therapy - Long-acting opioids (LAOs)</b>	Alerts to concurrent use of multiple LAOs.
<b>High dose acetaminophen</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Limits combination opioids plus acetaminophen (APAP)</li><li>• Prevents doses of APAP greater than 4 g per day</li></ul>

## Concurrent Drug Utilization Review (cDUR) program (cont.)

### High dose opioids – Recommend pharmacist to offer opioid antagonist

- Enhanced point-of-sale alert for opioid doses more than 50 MME that recommends the pharmacist offer an opioid antagonist
- Doesn't require pharmacist to enter appropriate NCPDP codes to receive approved claim

## Retrospective Drug Utilization Review (rDUR) programs

These programs analyze claims daily and send communications to prescribers.

### Abused medications DUR program

- Identifies members daily who are getting multiple opioid prescriptions from multiple prescribers and/or filling at multiple pharmacies
- Also identifies members with chronic early refill attempts, overlapping LAOs, overlapping SAOs, high daily doses of opioids, a diagnosis of opioid overdose with an opioid fill, overlapping opioid and MAT medications, overlapping opioid and a benzodiazepine, overlapping opioid and antipsychotic medication, overlapping opioid, muscle relaxant and benzodiazepine, and overlapping opioid and opioid potentiator
- Sends patient-specific information to all prescribers with medication fill history in last 4 months

## Utilization Management (UM) programs

These programs help promote appropriate opioid use, reduce costs and improve member health outcomes.

### Cough and cold products containing opioid components

- Limits quantities per fill of 120 mL (units) and a 30-day maximum quantity of 360 mL (units)
- Requires prior authorization for members under 18

### Cumulative 90 milligram morphine equivalent (MME) limit

- Limits dosage at point-of-sale for all opioid products up to 90 MME
- Prevents the processing of cumulative opioid doses exceeding the limit
- We require prior authorization for doses above the preset threshold

## Utilization Management (UM) programs (cont.)

These programs help promote appropriate opioid use, reduce costs and improve member health outcomes.

<b>LAO prior authorization</b>	<p>Requires prior authorization and the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Attestation of appropriate use and monitoring</li><li>• Step through SAO (non-cancer pain); step through preferred LAOs</li><li>• If appropriate, step through neuropathic pain alternatives (non-cancer pain)</li></ul>
<b>Maximum fills of opioid analgesics</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Opioid analgesics (inclusive of short and/or long acting) are subjected to a maximum of 4 fills in a 30-day period</li><li>• Requires prior authorization to exceed this limitation</li></ul>
<b>New-to-therapy SAO edit</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Point-of-sale limit for opioid naïve members (no opioid claims in last 60 days), and includes a maximum 7-day supply and 50 MME or less per day</li><li>• Requires prior authorization to exceed these quantities</li></ul>
<b>Overdose prevention (naloxone)</b>	<p>Prior authorization isn't required for preferred naloxone products (e.g., generic naloxone injection and Narcan® Nasal Spray).</p>
<b>Transmucosal fentanyl product prior authorization</b>	<p>Requires that prior authorization includes documentation of pain due to cancer and patient is already receiving opioids.</p>
<b>Evidence-based prescribing programs</b> These programs focus on outreach to prescribers.	
<b>Fraud/waste/abuse evaluation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Analyzes retrospective controlled substance claims</li><li>• Identifies outlier opioid prescribers</li></ul>
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
<b>Miscellaneous - Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) license edit</b>	<p>Verifies DEA number or license is active and matches scheduled medication in the claim.</p>
<b>Miscellaneous - Refill-too-soon threshold</b>	<p>Increases the refill-too-soon threshold to 90% for opioids and other Schedule CII-V controlled substances.</p>

## Pharmacy prior authorization

Information and forms are available on our [Pharmacy Resources and Physician Administered Drugs](#) page in the Pharmacy Prior Authorization section.

## We're here to help

If you have questions, call **888-362-3368**.

Support for your patients:

- 24/7 substance use helpline at **855-780-5955**, available to our members who are your patients, and their caregivers; staffed by licensed behavioral health providers
- [liveandworkwell.com](https://www.liveandworkwell.com)